

Model number(s): M1-R-C Descriptive name: Rogowski Coil

Features:

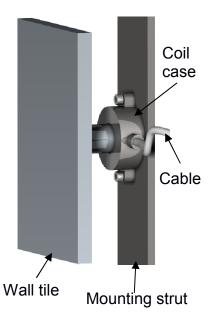
- Measures the current passing through the coil
- Designed for ultra-high vacuum (UHV) compatibility
- Custom coil diameter and casing material
- Can be mounted behind wall tiles (right), around central column, diverter posts, and other locations
- Electrostatically shielded by thin-walled metal case for low capacitive noise and choked for common-mode isolation
- Includes custom integrator circuit
- Includes full calibration and transfer function characterization
- Can be mounted on a probe and inserted into plasma for current profile measurement (see M1-R-P spec sheet)

Operational ratings:

. 50 kA
: 1 MHz
: 3 MHz
: 1 cm (pictured above)

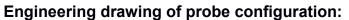
Options and customization:

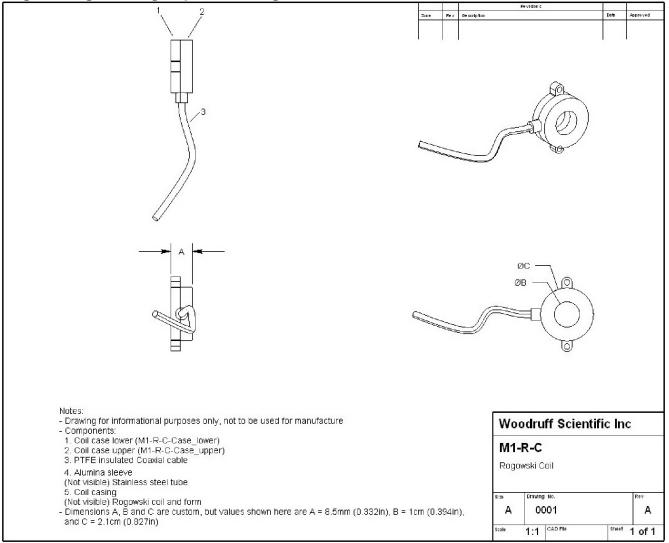
Coil diameter:determines the spatial resolution or designed to fit around postCasing material:determines the spatial resolution or designed to fit around postStainless steel (standard, shown), molybdenum for high heat applications,
or boron nitride if electrical isolation from mount is requiredMounting interface:can be customized to mount in many configurationsSplit or slip-on coil:split coils can me mounted around posts already in place
an array of partial coils may be used to reconstruct plasma location or
linked together to surround the entire cross-section of the plasma





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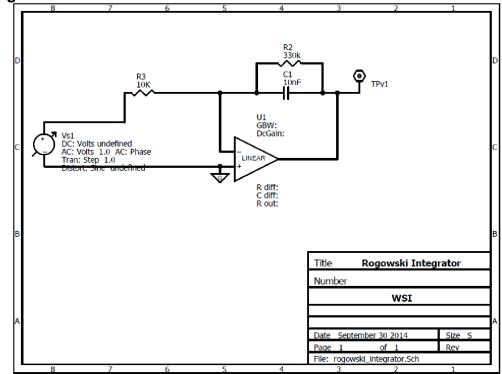






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Signal integrator circuit:



Connection diagram:

	Harnessing					
Probe	-Coax	Mode	Attenuation	Termination	Integration	DAQ
	-Twisted pairs	Choke				



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Data analysis:

500000

400000

300000

200000

100000

1000

500

2000

1500

Frequency [Hz]

ignal

Recovering the current from a Rogowski coil measurement (potential trace at right) involves multiplying the Fourier transform of the signal (shown at bottom left) with the response function of the device (shown at bottom right). This response function is determined during calibration and provided with the device. Taking the inverse Fourier transform of the result provides the measured current (shown at right).

